Spelling List	the /ai/ sound: ‹ ai ›, ‹ ay ›	or (a_e)
navt	Underline the spelling you think is co	orrect. Then use a
1. next	dictionary to check your answer, and tic	k the right spelling.
2. quit \$ 3. m_k_ \$	ate wate	day
26	ait wait	dai)
4. p 5. m n	ayt Wayt S	(daye 3
6. cl		
7. Wst		(2) <u> </u>
8. rnstorm	naym snaik	traye
a half	/ naim / snake	trai /
10. quarter	(\name \square snayk)	(tray 5)
A. A		Quantity of the same of the sa
	Share Control of the	half (1/2)
Choose a word fro	m the list to fit each sentence.) h _ l _
	7	_ a _ f
1. She made a	model from	h
2. Is it free or o	lo we have to	
2. 13 to ji od 01 o		
3. I got wet in	the	quarter (1/4)
. My igans hay	ve a tight	q_a_te_
3 3		_ u _ r r
	MENSENSINDENIONESIONESIONESIONESIONESIONESIONESION	t_r
'there' or 'their'?		
1,	they are! Up	2777(10
2.	toys are over	
'are' or 'our'?		
1. We	going to visit	grandma.
2. They	all coming to	school.

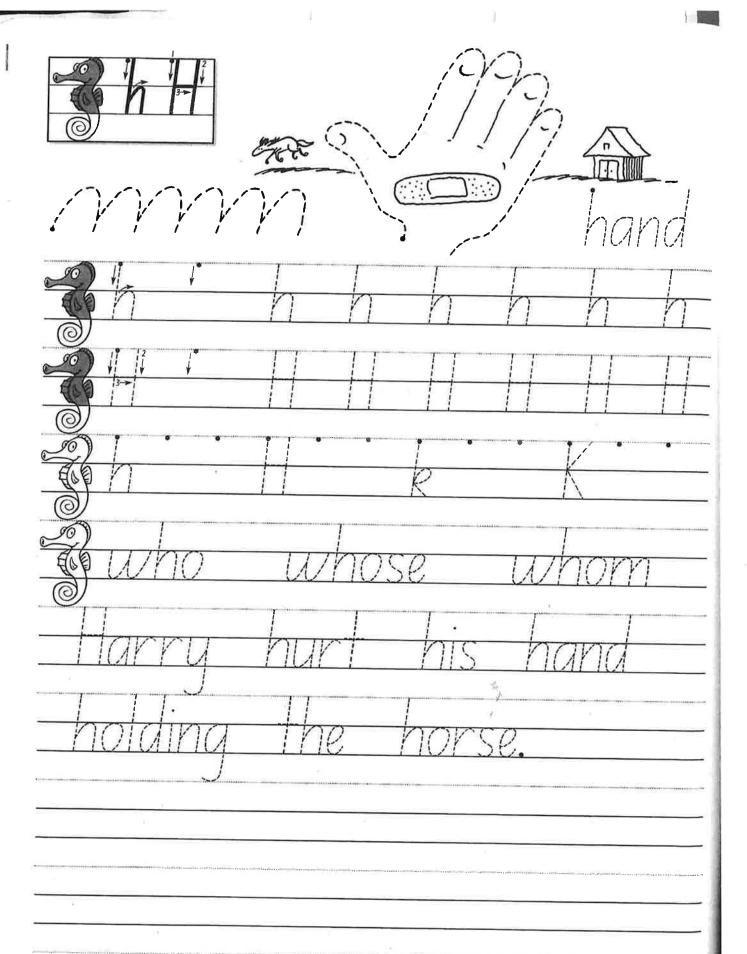
Boggle – week 4

Find as many words as you can in this boggle. One of your spelling words is the big word.

W	R	I
Т	Н	S
A	В	M

. v		
w.		
	>	15
8		
	2	_

The big word is:



Underline all the hopping pattern letters in the sentence.

Yyour best h.

How to Cross a Road Safely

4. Think carefully about whether it is safe to cross the road.

Method

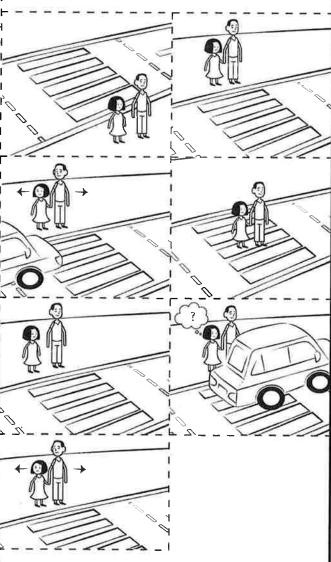
What You Will Need

1. Stop at least one step back from the edge of the road.

6. Walk straight across the road, watching out for cars as you are crossing.

- 3. Look in all directions for cars, bicycles or other pedestrians.
- 7. Once you are safely across the road, you can let go of your adult's hand.
- 5. Check in all directions one more time to make sure the road is clear.
- 2. If you are with an adult, take hold of their hand.

A responsible adult

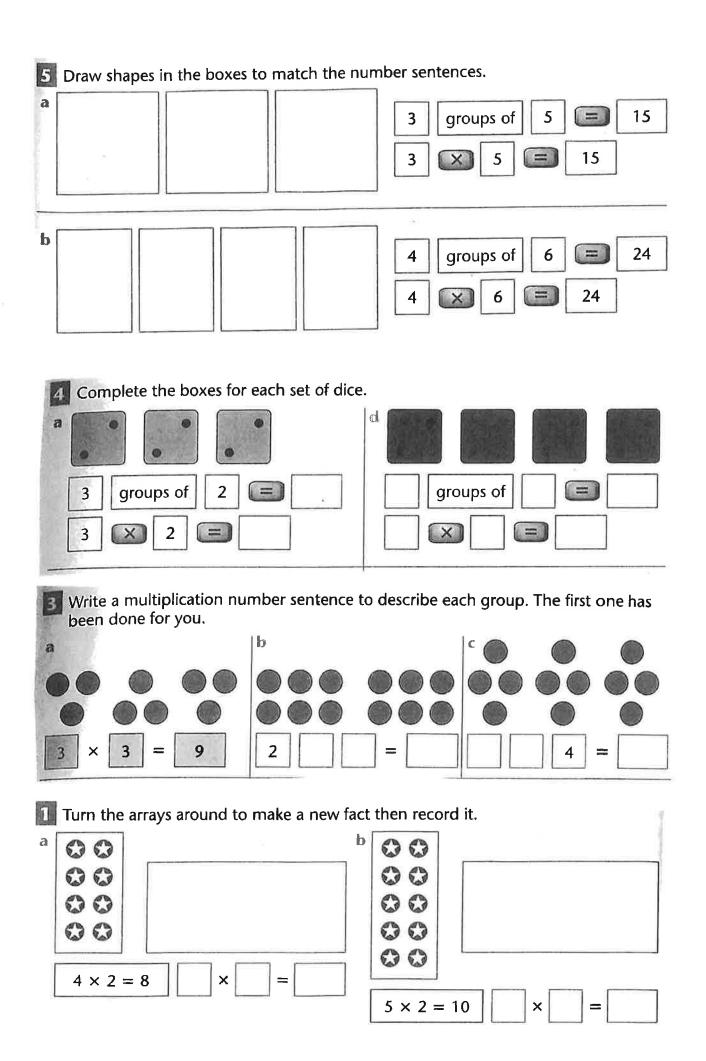




Perfect picture!

Can you draw what it is like inside the house? What does the girl see as she enters?





Make number or colour patterns in each row below.

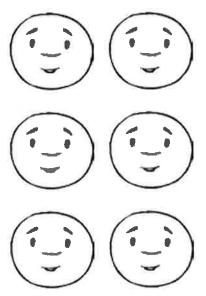
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Colour Number pattern Colour pattern Number	٠			
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Colour pattern pattern pattern pattern pattern pattern pattern pattern			8	
Colour pattern				
Colour pattern pattern pattern Number pattern		3		
Colour pattern pattern pattern Number pattern				
Colour Number pattern pattern Number pattern		San		_
Colo Num Patte Patte Patte	Wr Srn	ber	ur :rn	ber
	Colo patte	Num patte	Colo	Num patte

Topic Test Week 4

Complete the following test all about Arrays.

1. Which sum represents this array?

1 point

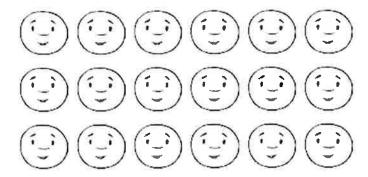


Mark only one oval.

- 3x7=21
- 2x2=4
- 3x2=6
- 3x3=9

2. Which sum represents this array?

1 point

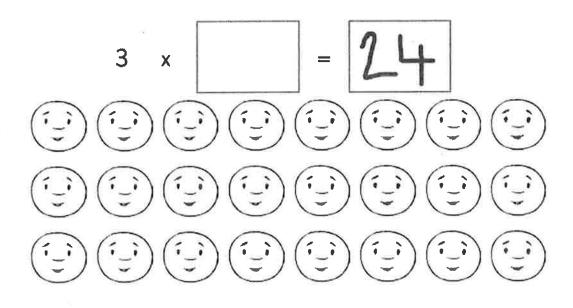


Mark only one oval.

- 3x6 = 18
- 2x6 = 12
- 3x5 = 15
- 3x7 = 21

3. What number goes in the box?

1 point



0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
				\vdash	0	0					0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0	0			
					0	0	-				0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		A				В			C			D	

Mark only one oval.

- \bigcirc A

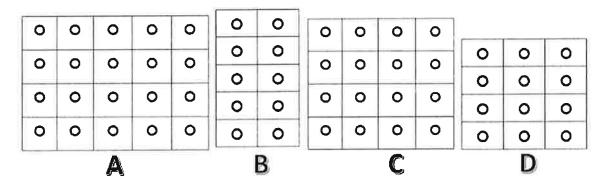
- \bigcirc D
- 5. Select the Array that represents 3x3=9

1 point

_	_	_	_		0	0							
0	0	0.	0	0			0	0	0	0		0	_
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
					0	0					0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		A				В			C			D	

Mark only one oval

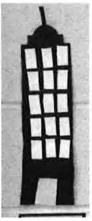
- ОВ
- \bigcirc D



Mark only one oval.

- () A
- \bigcirc B
- \bigcirc c
- 7. What is the array in the skyscraper?

1 point



Mark only one oval.

- 5x4=20
- 5x3=15
- 3x6=18
- 6x3=18

8. Write a multiplication number sentence to describe the group below.

1 point

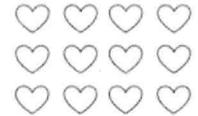






9. How else can this array be written? __+__+__=__

1 point



This is a 3x4 array. It can also be written

10. Using the array, what does 8x2=



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Google Forms



Scrunch it!

	_ Date:						
Question: Which sheet of kitchen material can be scrunched into the smallest ball?							
Materials: paper towel, plastic wrap, alfoil							
can be scrun	ched into the smallest ball.						
Next biggest	Smallest						
Next biggest	Smallest						
	n material can be scrunche vrap, alfoil can be scrunche Next biggest						

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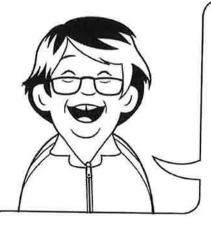
Resource sheet 4

How did people communicate in the past? - 1

Read the text in the speech bubbles.

Grandma, how did you talk to other people when you were a child?





Well, Nadia, we were lucky. We had one telephone in our house. A lot of people had to use a public phone in the street. We also had a mobile phone to take out. You couldn't put it in your pocket. It was very big. Almost as big and heavy as a brick!

It could only make and receive calls. It couldn't take photos, or send email or text messages. It couldn't be used to look on the internet.

At school we learnt how to write letters. So I wrote letters to my grandparents and cousins in China. They wrote back to me. It was exciting getting a letter in the letterbox. I had a penpal in the US. We sent letters and souvenirs back and forth to each other. Sometimes it took weeks for a parcel or letter to get across the world. It's much faster now. When you send an email to your friend in Sydney, it gets there in an instant.

When we talked to each other, it was usually from one person to another or in a group. We liked getting together to chat. We talked face to face. Now people write something on Facebook $^{\text{m}}$ or in a blog and it goes to hundreds or millions of people instantly. I don't know if that's a good thing or not!



We also had **telegrams** which we sent from the post office. They were short messages that could be sent really quickly. We used them for emergencies or to say 'Happy birthday!'

I like writing, Grandma. Can you show me how to write a letter? Then I can email it to my friend!

www.ricpublications.com.au

Differences and similarities between students' dath tives and the during their parents and ar childhoods, including family fraditions, leisure time and communications (ACHIKO30)

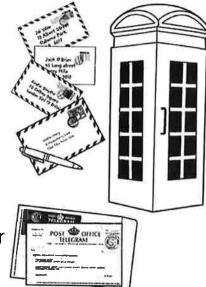
R.I.C. Publications®

Australian Curriculum History: Present and past family life

How did people communicate in the past? - 2

Use the information on page 67 to complete the following.

- Draw a line to match the object to the text that tells about it.
 - (a) writing or printing to one person or lots of people
 - (b) a telephone in a big box or booth in the street that anyone can use by putting in coins
 - (c) a device in a home for sending spoken words a long distance using a microphone and a receiver in a handset
 - (d) a message sent and tapped out by a telegraph. It is then printed out and delivered

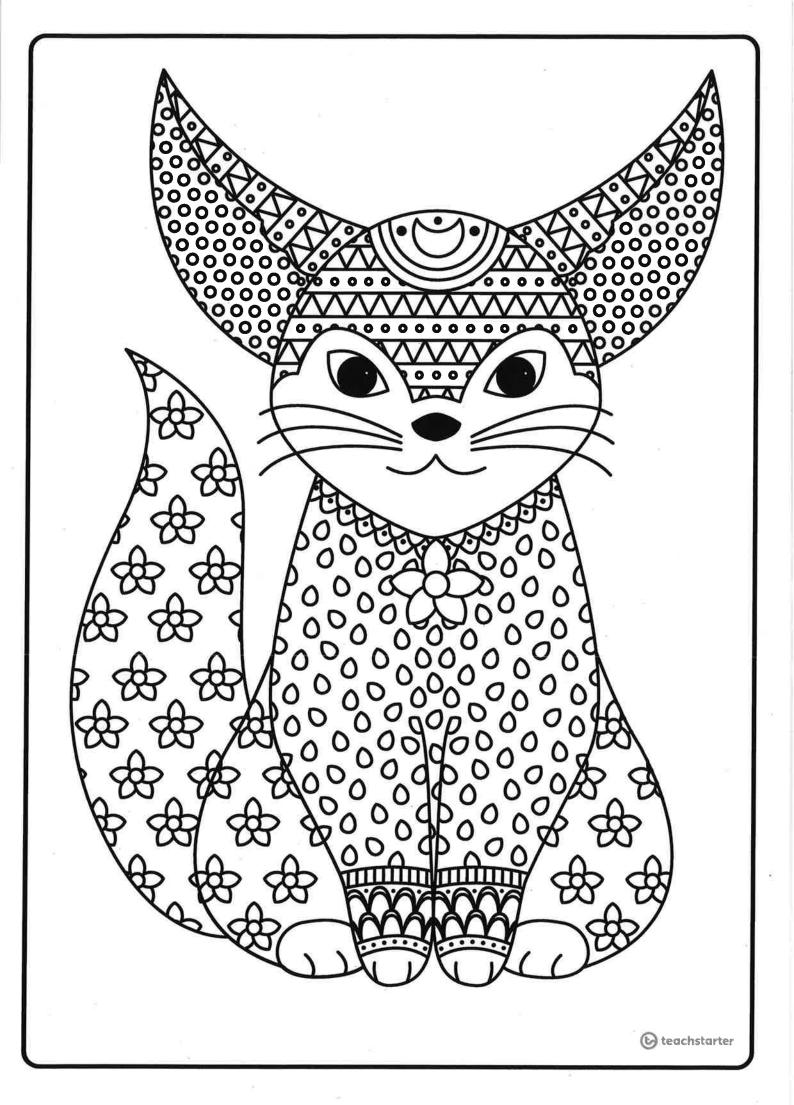




- ² Circle the ending that fits best.
 - (a) Grandma spoke to her friends on
 - (b) Grandma wrote to her friends using
 - (c) Nadia writes to her friends using

- a mobile phone.
- the home phone.
- letters.
- email.
- letters.
- · email.
- What is the big difference between getting together to chat and writing on Facebook™?

Differences and similarities between students' daily lives and life during their parer childhoads, including family traditions, leisure time and communications (Achtifica



Term 2. Week 4

The following activities will be completed in class on your allocated day at school.

*If you are absent on your allocated day, please complete the activities as normal.

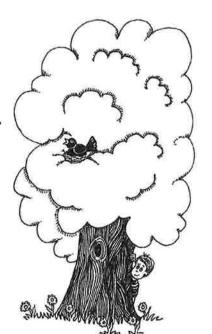
Simple Procedure Text Writing Scaffold - Template	ěl.
Name	Date
Simple Procedure Text Writin	g Scaffold
Title	
	*
Materials/Equipment/Ingredients	ž.
	I s
Steps	
1.	
3. 4.	
	_
	-
WRITING	(6) teachtricher

Homophone Mix-Ups

there or their?

Choose the right word to complete each sentence.

- 1. They put on _____ hats.
- 2. Leave the package over
- 3. _____ he is, behind the tree.
- 4. The children rode _____ bikes.
- 5. _____ is no-one at home.

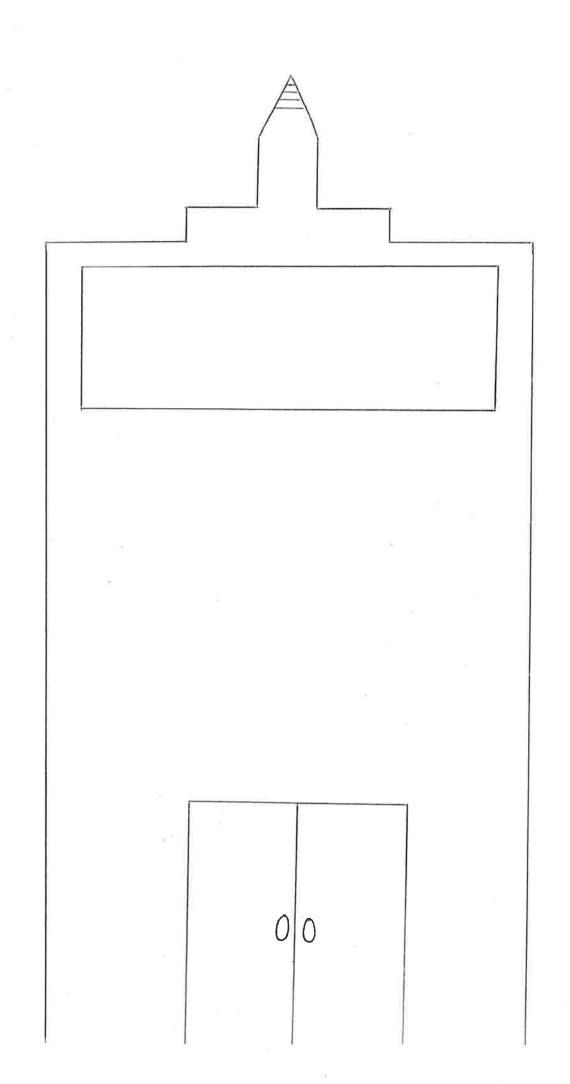


are or our?

Choose the right word to complete each sentence.

- 1. You _____ very tall.
- 2. _____ house has a red door.
- They _____ all going to a party.
- 4. We put on ______ boots to go outside.
- 5. He likes _____ cat.





Week Four - Lesson Three

'Singin' in the kitchen'

- Listen to the song on YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aMtx25sPvQo
- Watch Miss Toppin explain today's lesson on Google classroom.
- Sing along to the song using musical notes resource below.
- Clap to the beat of the song:

The beat is sing-in'

1 2

- Choose a household item to use as their instrument.
- Practice singing to the music and tapping your chosen instrument to the beat of the music.
- Add a second household item as another instrument.

Example:

sing – in'

1 2

Pot - spoon

